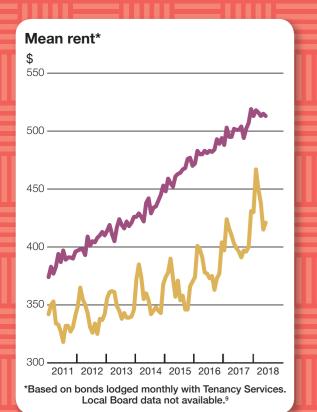
## HOUSING

residential

verage indicative residential value for 2014 to 20178



households with severe or serious housing needs (March, 2018)10

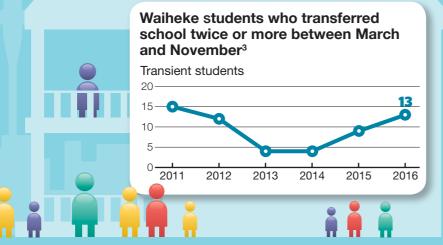
**How have high and rising** accommodation costs affected education in your area?



Auckland struggles to recruit teachers due to higher living and housing costs<sup>13</sup>

schools in Auckland opened the vear without a full teaching staff12

Overcrowding and rising rents contribute to multiple moves by families in search of affordable homes."



# **SKILLS AND WORK**

## Top 5 qualifications in demand in Waiheke by employers (2017)<sup>6</sup>

- 1 Management and Commerce: Cert (L1-3)
- 2 Engineering and Related Tech: Cert (L1-3)
- 3 Society and Culture: Cert (L1-3)
- 4 Management and Commerce: Degree (L7+)
- 5 Education: Degree (L7+)

of the labour force unemployed in Auckland\* (December, 2017)7

Auckland\* youths not in employment, education or training (September, 2017)7

**25,100** 

number

of New Zealand's NEETs live in Auckland\* (September, 2017)7

\* Local Board data suppressed due to base numbers being too small (eg NEET below 1,000).



7ealand Herald.

Auckland Council

10 Housing Register. (March, 2018)

to move (29 May 2016). Stuff.

(June, 2018)

Statistics New Zealand. 2 2013 Census. Statistics New Zealand.

3 Education Counts, Ministry of Education.

4 Farly Childhood Teachers' Work in Education and Care Centres: Profiles, patterns and purposes (2012). NZ Childcare Association. Wellington, New Zealand.

5 Norton, P., Sanderson, K., Booth , T., & Stroombergen A. (2000). A literature review of the effect of school

6 Waiheke Economic Profile. Auckland Council (2017).

obtained via personal correspondence from RIMU,

General property revaluation. Auckland Council (2017).

9 Mean rent gathered from bonds lodged with Tenancy

Services, Ministry of Business, Innovation & Employment

11 Schools lose half their students as poverty forces families

12 Education crisis: School's in, but where are teachers? 1 in 5 Auckland schools short of staff (Jan 27 2018). New

13 Auckland faces a shortage of teachers, nurses and police officers (20 July 2016). New Zealand Herald.

7 Data from Household Labour Force Survey (2017-2018).

resourcing on educational outcomes. Report to the Ministry of Education. Wellington, Ministry of Education.



# WAIHEKE

A SNAPSHOT OF EDUCATION. LEARNING AND SKILLS 2018

Waiheke was the 2nd fastest growing Loca Board in 2017

## OUR PEOPLE<sup>1</sup>

9,630

increase since 2016

How can our local board better support and develop our People?

of the estimated Auckland population (2017)

median age of the population (2017) (Auckland: 33.9 yrs)

### Waiheke's diverse population\* Waiheke's growing population\* 2033 86.5% 2023 88.3% 29% 2013 23.6% 90.7% 18.4% **M**āori Pasifika 35% 34.4% Asian 39.9% European/ 25.6% 22.2% 24.2% 17.5% 15.8% 14.5% 2013 2023 2033 0-14 yrs 15-39 yrs 40-64 yrs 65+ yrs \*Medium projections (2017)

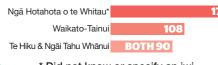


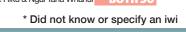
**IWI AFFILIATION Approximately** 

1 in 10 people affiliated with at least one iwi (2013)2

## Top three iwi by affiliation (2013)2

COMET





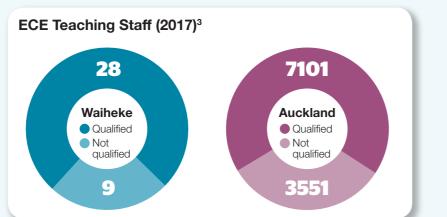
# **EARLY LEARNING**

estimated children aged

0-4 (2017)1 (Auckland: 110,770)

children aged 0-4 enrolled in ECE services (2017)3 (Auckland: 68,177)



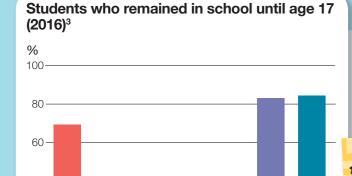


Years 1-8

ECE centres with 100% qualified staff ask more open-ended questions and pose more challenges that lead children to use complex thinking<sup>4</sup>

bilingual and immersion ECE services other than English (2017)3





Māori Pasifika Asian MELAA Other Euro Waiheke

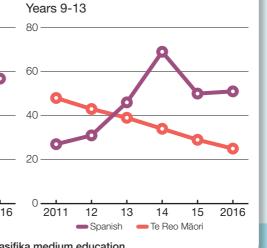
secondary students (2017)3

Each additional year of schooling contributes to an increase of 5-10% in income<sup>5</sup>

## **Primary students learning** languages\* other than Te Reo Māori and English<sup>3</sup>



Secondary students learning languages other than English<sup>3</sup>



\*Pasifika languages exclude students in Pasifika medium education

students learning in Te Reo more than 50% of the time (2017)3

**(74%)** 

Māori students received little to no Te Reo (2017)3

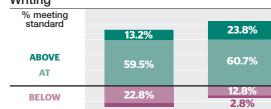
IN SCHOOL

primary and intermediate school students (2017)3

### **National Standard achievement across** all primary schooling years (2016)3







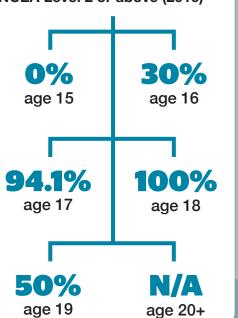
WELL BELOW	4.6%	2.8%
% not meeting standard		
	Boys	Girls

### Maths

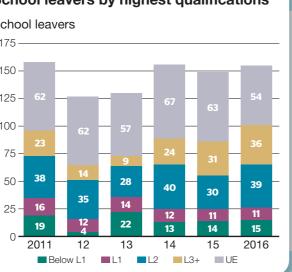
	% meeting		
standard	31.1%	27.1%	
	ABOVE AT	53.3%	59.2%
	BELOW WELL BELOW	13.3% 2.3%	11.6% 2.1%
	% not meeting standard		

Boys

## School leavers with minimum NCEA Level 2 or above (2016)3



# School leavers by highest qualifications<sup>3</sup> School leavers 125 -



school leavers with little or no formal attainment, DOWN from 12% in 2011 (2016)3

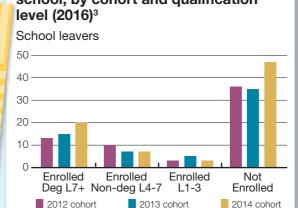
school leavers with UE, DOWN from 39.2% in 2011 (2016)3

# An upper

**TRANSITIONS** 

secondary school qualification is linked to labour force status and incomes<sup>3</sup>

## School leavers two years after leaving school, by cohort and qualification



## 18-year-olds\* with minimum Level 2 NCEA qualifications or equivalent

