Tāmaki Makaurau Student voice (2020-2021)⁷

Students in Tāmaki Makaurau enjoy using their home language at school

Secondary school Māori and Pasifika students valued teachers who related to and support them Students learn better when their culture is valued and brought into the classroom

Are we listening to our students?

> "Sometimes I get to speak Samoan to last year's teacher... makes me feel comfortable and easy to think about it"

"I really like using
Tongan [at school] because
it makes us feel confident
about our language and not
too shy to talk about it"

(9- year-old)

in his class and that showed me he cared and he really tried to connect with me as a student" (Year 13)

"I knew that he

wanted me to do well

"...he gets to know
his students as people,
not just students. He gets
to know their personal life,
their interests, and hobbies,
and what they do outside
of school, not just how they
learn in class"

(Year 13)

"If you can make your students feel like they have a sense of belonging, and you can connect with their culture – that will go a long way"

(Māori & Samoan school-leaver)

"...she's really interested in Te Ao Māori and it's good to hear things about Te Ao Māori from a Pākehā perspective... she's on my back always wanting me to do my best and she knows my best..." (Year 13)

References

- 1 Statistics New Zealand (2022)
- 2 Census (2018). Statistics New Zealand (2022)
- **3** COMET Te Wero Campaign (2020)
- **4** UNICEF Office of Research (2018). 'An Unfair Start: Inequality in Children's Education in Rich Countries', Innocenti Report Card 15, UNICEF Office of Research Innocenti, Florence.
- **5** Education Counts. Ministry of Education (2022)

- **6** Te Whāriki Online retrieved from https://tewhariki.tki.org.nz/
- **7** Te Hononga Akoranga Student Voice Campaign (2020-2021)
- 8 Infometrics (2022)
- 9 Inclusion and Education: All means all, UNESCO (2020)
- 10 General Social Survey (2021). Statistics New Zealand

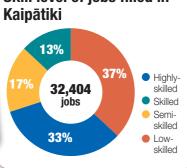
Background provided by the students of Wesley primary School (2020)

SKILLS AND WORK

Labour force in Kaipātiki (2021)⁸

32,404 filled jobs (+0.9% since 2020) Areas with more
high-skilled jobs
generally provide a higher
standard of living, which
helps them retain
existing residents as well
as attract new skilled
workers to the area

Skill level of jobs filled in Kaipātiki



Top 10 industries that created the most jobs (2020-2021)

Cuscs
234
155
136
100
65
46
39
34
21
16

KAIPĀTIKI

A SNAPSHOT OF EDUCATION, LEARNING AND SKILLS 2022

There are roughly
180 ethnicities
and 170 languages
spoken in
Aotearoa (2018)²

OUR PEOPLE (2022)¹

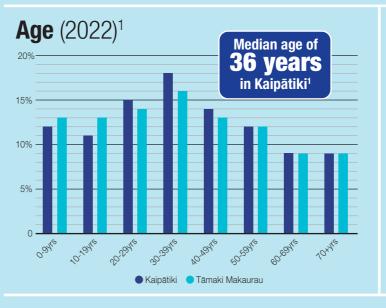
89,500 residents

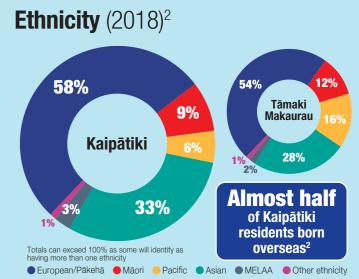
-1,800 since 2021

5.3%

of Tāmaki Makaurau's population

Are the education services, delivery and facilities keeping up with the diverse cultural and demographic needs of our population?





Under 25 years in Kaipātiki (2018)²

1in 3 under the age of 25 years (2022)¹



26,780 diverse under 25 year olds1

AKORANGA COMET

TE HONONGA

European

Asian

Pasifika

Māori

Other

African

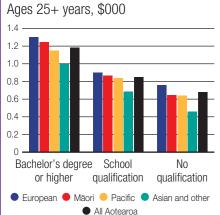
Middle Eastern

Latin American

EQUITY THROUGH EDUCATION

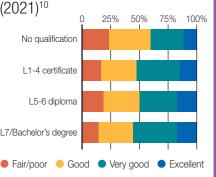
Higher-level qualifications provide significant income, earnings and health benefits

Median weekly income by qualification in Aotearoa (2020)



Higher levels of education among mothers improve children's nutrition and vaccination rates, while also reducing preventable child deaths, maternal mortality, and HIV9

Self-assessed health status by qualification level in Aotearoa



Educational policies and practices need to reduce the gap for children who enter the education system at a disadvantage and those who don't

EARLY YEARS

Are pēpi and whānau being supported?

5,630 0-4-year-olds $(2022)^{1}$

Whānau have stated that they need more support during the first three years

(COMET, Te Wero campaign 2020)3



support



Financial support



Mental health support

"Free

Wifi"

"Respite for single parents, free ECE. Help me to carve out a good life for me and mv children, support me to make my dreams a reality"

> "We need more people living in healthy homes with enough money and opportunity to make better decisions for their whānau"

98% of children attended ECE prior to starting school

 $(2022)^5$

Ensuring that all children

have access to high

quality preschool learning

opportunities plays an

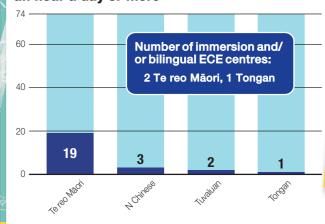
important role in reducing

socio-economic

inequalities when they

start school (2018)4

The number of ECE services that speak languages other than English for roughly an hour a day or more⁵



The wellbeing of children is linked to a child's sense of belonging, which is supported through respect and recognition of their culture and family background

Most common languages spoken after English $(2018)^2$

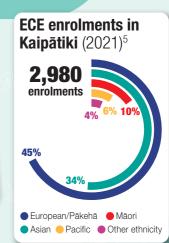
Northern Chinese Tagalog Sinitic

Yue

Te reo Māori

Early childhood education experiences are often a child's first encounter of education outside the home

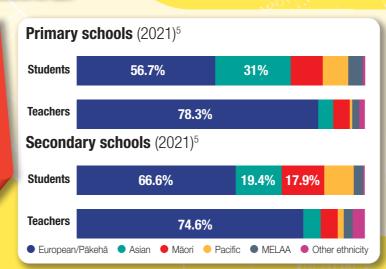
Pasks



Licensed services in **Kaipātiki** (2021)⁵ **Education & Care 55** Home-based Kindergarten 9 Kōhanga Reo 2 **Playcentre** 5 **TOTAL** 74

SCHOOLING

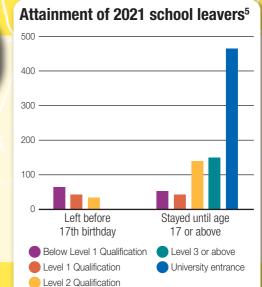
Are we doing enough to strengthen and encourage diversity in our education system?



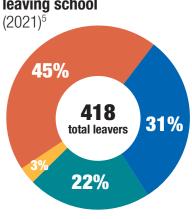
"...because I had that support from those Pacific Islander teachers it gave me a sense of hope and it gave me a sense of belonging" (Māori & Samoan school leaver)

26 schools $(2021)^5$

Kura Kaupapa Māori $(2021)^5$



School leavers tertiary enrolment first year after leaving school



Bachelors and above

Certificates & Diplomas (Lvl 3-7)

Certificates (Lvl 1-2)

Not enrolled in tertiary education